MEDSTAR GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

Perioperative Pain Protocol

PREOPERATIVE CLINIC

- Identify high risk pain patients (chronic pain patients taking high dose opioids and/or patients having major surgery with expected significant pain postoperatively)
- Preoperative clinic nurse notifies Acute Pain Service (APS) days or weeks prior to surgery of high risk pain patients
- APS notifies anesthesiologists the day before surgery of patients identified as high risk pain patients and to consider using pain protocol

PREOPERATIVE HOLDING (preferably 1 hour before surgery)

- **Gabapentin** 900mg PO (<80kg), 1200mg PO (>80kg), 600mg PO if Cr>1.5
- Acetaminophen 1g PO
 - o Hold or decrease dose in patient with significant liver disease
- Celebrex 400mg PO
 - o Make sure patient has not already received a dose as part of the Orthopedics protocol
 - o Contraindicated if sulfa allergy or CrCl<30mL/min

INTRAOPERATIVE

- OPIOID NAÏVE PATIENT
 - o **Ketamine** 0.15-0.25mg/kg bolus after induction
 - o **Methadone** 10mg IV (inpatients only)
- OPIOID TOLERANT PATIENT
 - o **Ketamine** 0.15-0.25mg/kg bolus after induction
 - For chronic pain patients, low dose ketamine infusion 0.1 0.2mg/kg/hr
 - o **Methadone** 10-20mg IV (inpatients only)
 - o **Acetaminophen** 1gm IV at the end of case
 - If patient has not received acetaminophen pre-operatively or last dose >6hr prior

Methadone Monitoring

- Caution in patients with history of heart disease or arrhythmia
- Consider pre-op ECG looking for QT prolongation: >450msec for males, >470msec for females
 - o QTc interval 450-500ms: discuss risks
 - o >500msec: reduce methadone dose or discontinue
- Increased concern for patient on total daily dose 80-100mg/day